

JICAI Q1 (Q2)
COMMAND SPECIFICATION

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Control Commands Details

Command Notation

[Name]	The name of the command.
[Format]	The code sequence. ASCII Indicates the ASCII equivalents. Hex indicates the hexadecimal equivalents. Decimal indicates the decimal equivalents. [] k indicates the contents of the [] should be repeated k times.
[Range]	Gives the allowable ranges for the arguments.
[Description]	Describes the function of the command.

Explanation of Terms

LSB Least Significant Bit

Control Commands Details

HT

Name	Horizontal tab
Format	ASCII HT Hex 09 Decimal 9
Description	Moves the print position to the next horizontal tab position.

Details Reference to ESCD

LF

Name	Print and line feed.
Format	ASCII LF Hex 0A Decimal 10
Description	In standard mode, prints the data in the print buffer and feeds one line based on the current line spacing. If the buffer is empty, the printer will only feed one line.

CR

Name	Print and carriage return.
Format	ASCII CR Hex 0D Decimal 13
Description	print data in buffer without feed line.

DLE EOT n

Name	Transmission real-time status.
Format	ASCII DLE EOT n Hex 10 04 n Decimal 16 4 n
Range	$1 \leq n \leq 4$
Description	Transmits the status specified by n in real-time as follows:

n	Function
1	Transmit printer status.
4	Transmit paper roll sensor status.

This printer transmits the following status in real time.

n = 1: Printer status:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Fixed
1	On	02	2	Fixed
2	Off	00	0	Fixed
3	Off	00	0	On-Line
	On	08	8	Off-Line
4	On	10	16	Fixed
5	Off	00	0	Fixed
6	Off	00	0	Fixed
7	Off	00	0	Fixed

n = 4: Continuous paper sensor status:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Fixed
1	On	02	2	Fixed
2	Off	00	0	Fixed
3	Off	00	0	Fixed
4	On	10	16	Fixed
5	On	60	96	Paper roll near-end sensor : paper near end.
6	Off	00	0	Paper roll near-end sensor : paper adequate
7	Off	00	0	Fixed

Notes If print data includes a character string with this command, the printer performs this command.

DLE DC4 m n1 n2

[Name]	Generate pulse.
[Format]	ASCII DLE DC4 m n1 n2 Hex 10 14 m n1 n2 Decimal 16 20 m n1 n2
[Range]	$0 \leq n1 \leq 255, 0 \leq n2 \leq 255$
[Description]	To form a certain interval pulse to control cash drawer according to "n1" and "n2".

ESC SP n

[Name] Set right-side character spacing.

[Format] ASCII ESC SP n
Hex 1B 20 n
Decimal 27 32 n

[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Description] Sets the character spacing for the right side of the character to [n × horizontal or vertical motion unit].

The maximum of the right-side spacing is: -31.875mm.

[Default] n = 0

ESC ! n

[Name] Select print mode(s).

[Format] ASCII ESC ! N
Hex 1B 21 n
Decimal 27 33 n

[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Description] Selects print mode(s) using n as follows:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Character font A (12X24) selected.
	On	01	1	Character font B (9X17) selected.
1,2	Off	00	0	Reserved.
3	Off	00	0	Emphasized mode not selected.
	On	08	8	Emphasized mode selected.
4	Off	00	0	Double-height mode not selected.
	On	10	16	Double-height mode selected.
5	Off	00	0	Double-width mode not selected.
	On	20	32	Double-width mode selected.
6	Off	00	0	Reserved.
7	Off	00	0	Underline mode not selected.
	On	80	128	Underline mode selected.

Emphasized mode is effective for alphanumeric and kanji

All print modes except emphasized is effective only for alphanumeric.

[Default] n = 0

ESC * m nL nH d1...dk

[Name] Select bit image mode.

[Format] ASCII ESC * m nL nH d1...dk
Hex 1B 2A m nL nH d1...dk
Decimal 27 42 m nL nH d1...dk

[Range] m = 0, 1, 32, 33

$1 \leq (nL + nH \times 256) \leq 1023$ ($0 \leq nL \leq 255$, $0 \leq nH \leq 3$), $0 \leq d \leq 255$

[Description] Specifies the bit image in m mode for the number of dots specified by nL and nH.

m	Mode	Number of dots in vertical direction	Vertical Dot density	Horizontal dot density	Number of bytes (k)
0	8-dot single-density	8	60	90	nL + nH x 256
1	8-dot double-density	8	60	180	nL + nH x 256
32	24-dot single-density	24	180	90	(nL + nH x 256) x 3
33	24-dot double-density	24	180	180	(nL + nH x 256) x 3

ESC - n

[Name] Set the character under line mode.

[Format] ASCII ESC - n
Hex 1B 2D n
Decimal 27 45 n

[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 2$, $48 \leq n \leq 50$

[Description] Turn on/off underline mode according to "n" :

n	Function
0,48	Turns off underline mode.
1,49	Turns on underline mode, set width at 1-dot
2,50	Turns on underline mode, set width at 2-dot

[Default] n = 0

ESC 2

[Name] Select default line spacing.

[Format] ASCII ESC 2
Hex 1B 32
Decimal 27 50

[Description] Sets the current line spacing to approximately 4.23mm {1/6inch}.

ESC 3 n

[Name]	Set line spacing.				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	3	n	
	Hex	1B	33	n	
	Decimal	27	51	n	
[Range]	0 ≤ n ≤ 255				
[Description]	Set the line spacing to n/144 inch The maximum line spacing is 1016 mm (40 inch), line spacing larger than 1016 mm will be still handled as 1016 mm. The default line spacing is approx 4.23 mm (1 / 6 inch).				

ESC 9 m n1 n2

[Name]	Cash drawer control pulse.					
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	9	m	n1	n2
	Hex	1B	39	m	n1	n2
	Decimal	27	57	m	n1	n2
[Range]	M = 0 0 ≤ n1 ≤ 255, 0 ≤ n2 ≤ 255					
[Description]	To form a certain interval pulse to control cash drawer according to "n1" and "n2".					

ESC @

[Name]	Initialize printer		
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	@
	Hex	1B	40
	Decimal	27	64
[Description]	Clear the buffer data and return to default settings		

ESC A n

[Name]	Set character line spacing.			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	A	n
	Hex	1B	41	n
	Decimal	27	65	n
[Range]	0 ≤ n ≤ 255			
[Description]	Set the character line spacing at n/144 inch. Maximum line spacing is 1016 mm (40 inch), if the setting larger than 1016 mm, line spacing is still 1016 mm.			
[Default]	The default line spacing is about 4.23 mm (1 / 6 inch).			

ESC D n1...nK NULL

[Name]	Set horizontal tab positions.				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	D	n1...nK	NULL
	Hex	1B	44	n1...nK	00
	Decimal	27	68	n1...nK	0
[Range]	0 ≤ n1, ...nK ≤ 255				
[Description]	Set horizontal tab positions "n" specifies the number of digits from the setting position to the left margin or the beginning of the line. k specifies the number of bytes set for the horizontal tab position.				
[Default]	0 ≤ K ≤ 32 n = 8, 16, 24, 32, 40...232, 240, 248.				

ESC E n

[Name]	Turn emphasized mode on / off.			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	E	n
	Hex	1B	45	n
	Decimal	27	69	n
[Range]	1 ≤ n ≤ 255 Turns emphasized mode on or off. - When the LSB of n is 0, emphasized mode is turned off. - When the LSB of n is 1, emphasized mode is turned on.			
[Description]	n = 0			

ESC G n

[Name]	Turn double-strike mode on/off.			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	G	n
	Hex	1B	47	n
	Decimal	27	71	n
[Range]	0 ≤ n ≤ 255			
[Description]	Turns double-strike mode on or off. - When the LSB of n is 0, double-strike mode is turned off. - When the LSB of n is 1, double-strike mode is turned on.			
[Default]	n = 0			

ESC J n

[Name] Print and feed the paper n-point line.
[Format] ASCII ESC J n
Hex 1B 4A n
Decimal 27 74 n
[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 255$
[Description] Print buffer data and to move forward paper n-point line
After the implementation of this command, the current print position placed on the line starting position.
This command does not affect the ESC2 and ESC3 to set line spacing.
The maximum spacing feed is 1016mm{40inch} if the line feed exceeds 1016mm, the printer will still feed paper at 1016mm.

ESC a n

[Name] Select justification.
[Format] ASCII ESC a n
Hex 1B 61 n
Decimal 27 97 n
[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 2, 48 \leq n \leq 50$
[Description] In standard mode, aligns all the data in one line to the position specified by n as follows :

n	Justification
0,48	Left justification
1,49	Centering
2,50	Right justification

[Default] n = 0

ESC d n

[Name] Print and take the paper n-point line.
[Format] ASCII ESC d n
Hex 1B 64 n
Decimal 27 100 n
[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 255$
[Description] Print buffer data and move forward paper n-point line.
This command sets the print starting point to the line start.
This command does not affect the line spacing set by ESC2 and ESC3.

ESC i

[Name] Partial cut.
[Format] ASCII ESC I
Hex 1B 69
Decimal 27 105
[Description] to start the partial cut operation.

ESC m

[Name] Partial Cut.
[Format] ASCII ESC m
Hex 1B 6D
Decimal 27 109
[Description] to start the partial cut operation.

ESC p m n1 n2

[Name] Cash drawer controlling pulse.
[Format] ASCII ESC p m n1 n2
Hex 1B 70 m n1 n2
Decimal 27 112 m n1 n2
[Range] m = 0
 $0 \leq n1 \leq 255, 0 \leq n2 \leq 255$
[Description] To form a certain interval pulse to control cash drawer according to "n1" and "n2" .

ESC Faa aa n1 n2

[Name] Cash drawer control pulse.
[Format] ASCII ESC F aa aa n1 n2
Hex 1B 46 aa aa n1 n2
Decimal 27 70 170 170 n1 n2
[Range] $0 \leq n1 \leq 255, 0 \leq n2 \leq 255$
[Description] To form a certain interval pulse to control cash drawer according to "n1" and "n2" .

ESC t n

[Name]	Select character set code page.
[Format]	ASCII ESC t n Hex 1B 74 n Decimal 27 116 n
[Range]	0 ≤ n ≤ 255
[Description]	Selects character set code page according to “n” .
[Default]	n=0

n	Code page
0	Pc437
1	Katakana
2	PC850
3	PC860
4	PC863
5	PC865
6	WPC1253
7	Iran
8	WPC1256
9	PC737
10	WPC1250
16	WPC1252
17	PC866
18	Pc852
19	PC858
255	free page for user defining

ESC V

Name	Transmission real-time status.
Format	ASCII ESC v Hex 1B 76 Decimal 27 118
Range	1 ≤ n ≤ 4
Description	Transmits the selected ethernet port printer status
Details	The printer transmits the current status. Each status is represented by 4 bytes data.
Notes	The status echo communication port is 4000, otherwise the print data communication port is 9100.

First byte:

Bit	Binary	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
1	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
2	1	04	4	Not used, Fixed to On.
3	0 1	00 08	0 8	Idle. Busy.
4	1	10	16	Not used, Fixed to On.
5	0 1	00 20	0 32	Cover is closed. Cover is open.
6	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
7	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.

Second byte:

Bit	Binary	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
1	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
2	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
3	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
4	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
5	0	00	0	Printing is being Continue
6	1 0	20 00	32 0	Printing is being stopped. Printer head temperature is too normal.
7	1 0	40 00	64 0	Printer head temperature is too high Not used, Fixed to Off.

Third byte:

Bit	Binary	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
1	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
2,3	00 11	00 0C	0 12	Paper sensor, Paper present. Paper end detected by paper sensor
4	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
5	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
6	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
7	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.

Fourth byte:

Bit	Binary	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
1	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
2	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
3	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
4	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
5	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
6	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.
7	0	00	0	Not used, Fixed to Off.

FS W n

[Name] Turn quadruple-size mode on/off for kanji characters.

[Format] ASCII FS W n
Hex 1C 57 n
Decimal 28 87 n

[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Description] When the LSB of "n" is 0, quadruple-size mode for kanji characters is turned off.
When the LSB of "n" is 1, quadruple-size mode for kanji characters is turned on.

[Default] n = 0

FS ! n

[Name] Set kanji character print mode.

[Format] ASCII FS ! N
Hex 1C 21 n
Decimal 28 33 n

[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Description] Set the print mode for kanji characters, using "n" as follows:

BIT	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Description
0				Default character size
1	--	-	-	Undefined
2	OFF	00	0	double higher mode
3	OFF	00	0	double wide mode
4	--	-	-	Undefined
5	--	-	-	Undefined
6	ON	80	128	Set under line mode
7	OFF	00	0	Cancel underline mode

If "n" exceeds the defined range, the command will be ignored.

[Default] n = 0
It is effective only in double-byte mode, which is selected by DIP

FS - n

[Name] Set underline mode for kanji characters.

[Format] ASCII FS - n
Hex 1C 2D n
Decimal 28 45 n
 $0 \leq n \leq 2, 48 \leq n \leq 50$

[Description] Turn on/off underline mode for kanji characters (non-Chinese Characters) according to "n" :

n	Function
0, 48	Turn off underline mode
1, 49	Turn on Underline mode, set the width at 1-dot
2, 50	Turn on Underline mode, set the width at 2-dots

[Default] n = 0

FS p n m

[Name] Print NV bit image.

[Format] ASCII FS p n m
Hex 1C 70 n m
Decimal 28 112 n m

[Range] $1 \leq n \leq 4, 0 \leq m \leq 3, 48 \leq m \leq 51$

[Description] To print the pre-loaded bit image. "n" selects the bit image; "m" defines the printing mode:

M	Mode	Vertical Dot Density (DPI)	Horizontal Dot Density (DPI)
0, 48	Normal	203	203
1, 49	Double-width	203	203/2
2, 50	Double-height	203/2	203
3, 51	Quadruple	203/2	203/2

[Dpi: dots per 25.4mm{1"}].
"n" defines the bit image position.
xL, xH define the dot quantity of (xL + xH X 256) x 8 in horizontal direction;
yL, yH define the dot quantity of (yL + yH X 256) x 8 in vertical direction.
this command affects bit image in "n" position only. In "n" position, the previous bit image data will be deleted.

FS q n xL xH yL yH d1...dk

[Name] Define NV bitimage.
 [Format] ASCII FS q n [xL xHyL yHd1...dk]
 Hex 1C 71 n [xL xHyL yHd1...dk]
 Decimal 28 113 n [xLxH yLyH d1...dk]
 [Range] $1 \leq n \leq 4$
 $0 \leq xL \leq 72$
 $xH = 0$
 $0 \leq yL \leq 255$
 $yH = 0$
 $0 \leq d \leq 255$
 $k = (xL + xH \times 256) \times (yL + yH \times 256) \times 8$

[Description]

GS ! n

[Name] Set the characterprint mode
 [Format] ASCII GS ! N
 Hex 1D 21 n
 Decimal 29 33 n
 [Range] $0 \leq n \leq 255$
 [Description] Selects the characterheight using bits0 to 2 and selects the character width using bits 4 to 7 as follows.

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	[Description]
0				Times of the higher mode, see Table 2
1				
2				
3				Times of the width mode, see Table 1
4				
5				
6				
7				

Table 1 Times of the wide mode

Table 2 Times of the higher mode

Hex	Decimal	Pattern	Hex	Decimal	Pattern
00	0	1 X (Standard)	00	0	1 X (Standard)
10	16	2 X (Double-width)	01	1	2 X (Double-height)
20	32	3 X	02	2	3 X
30	48	4 X	03	3	4 X
40	64	5 X	04	4	5 X
50	80	6 X	05	5	6 X
60	96	7 X	06	6	7 X
70	112	8 X	07	7	8 X

Default n=0

This command is all characters(calphanumeric and kanji)effective except for HRI characters.

GS E n1 n2 n3 n4 n5 n6 m

[Name] Modify the MAC address.
 [Format] ASCII GS E n1 n2 n3 n4 n5 n6 m
 Hex 1D 45 n1 n2 n3 n4 n5 n6 m
 Decimal 29 69 n1 n2 n3 n4 n5 n6 m

[Description] $0 \leq n1, n2, n3, n4, n5, n6 \leq 255$

$m = n1 + n2 + n3 + n4 + n5 + n6$

[Default] n1 is the highest bit of MAC address.
 n6 is the lowest bit of MAC address.
 m is the checksum.

GS F n

[Name] Shift between Simplified Chinese and Traditional Chinese.
 [Format] ASCII GS F n
 Hex 1D 46 n
 Decimal 29 70 n

[Range] n = 85, 170

[Description] When n = 85, select traditionalchinese.
 When n = 170, select simplifiedchinese.

[Default] n = 170

GS D n1 n2 n3 n4 m

[Name] Modify the IP address .

[Format] ASCII GS D n1 n2 n3 n4 m
Hex 1D 44 n1 n2 n3 n4 m
Decimal 29 68 n1 n2 n3 n4 m

[Range] $m = n1 + n2 + n3 + n4$
n1-n4: parameter configuration rules of type A, type B and type C supported.

[Description] n1 is the highest bit of IP address.
n4 is the lowest bit of IP address.
m is the checksum.

[Default] n = 0

(1)GS V m

(2)GS V m n

[Name] Select cutting mode and cut paper.

[Format] (1) ASCII GS V m
Hex 1D 56 m
Decimal 29 86 m
(2) ASCII GS V m n
Hex 1D 56 m n
Decimal 29 86 m n

[Range] (1)m=0,1,48,49 (2)m=65,66; 0<n<255

[Description] Cuts paper in the specified mode:

	m	Function
(1)	0, 48	full cut
	1, 49	Partial cut
(2)	65	Feed paper (cut point fixed distance + [n × (motion unit)]), then full-cut
	66	Feed paper (cut point fixed distance + [n × (motion unit)]), then partial cut

The two commands validate only on the setting of line start.
When n=0, printer feed paper with cut point fixed distance and cut paper;
When n!=0, printer feed paper with (cut point fixed distance + [n × (motion unit)]) and cut paper;
The default motion unit is: 25.4/y mm {1/y inch} (y=360).

GS W nL nH

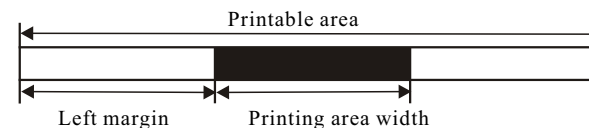
[Name] Set printing area width.

[Format] ASCII GS W nL nH
Hex 1D 57 nL nH
Decimal 29 87 nL nH

[Range] $0 \leq nL \leq 255, 0 \leq nH \leq 255$

[Default] $(nL + nH \times 256) = 576$ (nL = 40, nH = 1)

[Description] Sets the printing area width specified by nL and nH.
The printing area width is $[(nL + nH \times 256) \times (\text{horizontal motion unit})]$.



GS h n

[Name] Selects bar code height.

[Format] ASCII GS h n
Hex 1D 68 n
Decimal 29 104 n

[Range] $1 \leq n \leq 255$

[Description] Set the barcode height according to "n".

[Default] n = 162

(1) GS k m d1...dk NUL

(2) GS k m n d1...dn

[Name] Print bar code.

[Format] (1) ASCII GS k m d1...dk nul
Hex 1D 6B m d1...dk 00
Decimal 29 107 m d1...dk 0
(2) ASCII GS k m n d1...dn
Hex 1D 6B m n d1...dn
Decimal 29 107 m n d1...dn

[Range] (1) $0 \leq m \leq 6$ (k and d depend on the bar code system used).
(2) $65 \leq m \leq 73$ (n and d depend on the bar code system used).

[Description] Select the barcode type according to "m".

(1)

m	Bar Code System	Range of k	Range of d
2	JAN13 (EAN13)	$12 \leq k \leq 13$	$48 \leq d \leq 57$
3	JAN 8 (EAN8)	$7 \leq k \leq 8$	$48 \leq d \leq 57$
4	CODE39	$1 \leq k$	$48 \leq d \leq 57, 65 \leq d \leq 90,$ $32,36, 37, 43,45, 46, 47$

(2)

m	Bar Code System	Range of k	Range of d
67	JAN13 (EAN13)	$12 \leq k \leq 13$	$48 \leq d \leq 57$
68	JAN 8 (EAN8)	$7 \leq k \leq 8$	$48 \leq d \leq 57$
69	CODE39	$1 \leq k \leq 255$	$48 \leq d \leq 57, 65 \leq d \leq 90,$ $32,36,37,43,45,46,47$
73	CODE128	$2 \leq k \leq 255$	$0 \leq d \leq 127$

[Notes]: Users mostly consider about the quiet area of the barcode (the left and right margin).

GS r n

[Name] Transmit status.
 [Format] ASCII GS r n
 Hex 1D 72 n
 Decimal 29 114 n
 [Range] n=1,2,49,50
 [Description] Transmits the normal status specified by n as follows:

N	Function
1,49	Transmits paper sensor status

Paper sensor status:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0,1	Off	00	0	paper adequate
2,3	Off	00	0	paper adequate
	On	0C	12	paper roll end sensor:paper not present
4	Off	00	0	Fixed
5	Off	00	0	Reserved
6	Off	00	0	Reserved
7	Off	00	0	Fixed

This command cannot be executed since the printer becomes offline. when the paperroll end sensor detects the paper not present. Therefore, the status of bit 2 (1) and bit 3 (1) is not transmitted.

GS v 0 m xL xH yL yH d1...dk

[Name] Print raster bit image
 [Format] ASCII GS v 0 m xL xH yL yH d1...dk
 Hex 1D 76 30 m xL xH yL yH d1...dk
 Decimal 29 118 48 m xL xH yL yH d1...dk
 [Range] $0 \leq m \leq 3, 48 \leq m \leq 51, 0 \leq xL \leq 255, 0 \leq xH \leq 255,$
 $0 \leq yL \leq 255, 0 \leq yH \leq 8, 0 \leq d \leq 255$
 $k=(xL+xH \times 256) \times (yL+yH \times 256), k \neq 0$

[Description] Prints a raster bit image in m mode.
- m specifies the bit image mode:

m	Mode	Vertical dot density	Horizontal dot density
0,48	Normal	203 DPI	203 DPI
1,49	Double-width	203 DPI	203/2 DPI
2,50	Double-height	101 DPI	203 DPI
3,51	Quadruple	203/2 DPI	101 DPI

xL, xH specifies (xL + xH x 256) byte(s) in the horizontal direction for the bit image.

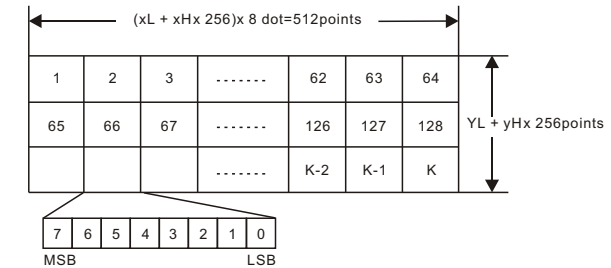
yL, yH specifies (yL + yH x 256) dot(s) in the vertical direction for the bit image.

In standard mode, this command is valid if there is no data in buffer

Any printing mode does not affect bit image data .

“d” defines bit image data .when “d” is set “1” one dot will be printed; when “d” is set “0” , no dot will be printed.

Eg: When the $xL + xH \times 256 = 64$:



GS w n

[Name] Set bar code width.
[Format] ASCII GS w n
Hex 1D 77 n
Decimal 29 119 n
[Range] $2 \leq n \leq 6$
[Description] set barcode width according to “n”

n	Width(mm)
2	0.25
3	0.375
4	0.5
5	0.625
6	0.75

[Default] n = 3

GS B n

[Name] Set the character black and white inverted print mode.
[Format] ASCII GS B n
Hex 1D 42 n
Decimal 29 66 n
[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 255$
[Description] Turns on/off the black/white inverted printing mode.
if the LSB bit of “n” is “0”, turn off the inverted printing mode.
if the LSB bit of “n” is “1”, turn on the inverted printing mode.
[Default] n = 0